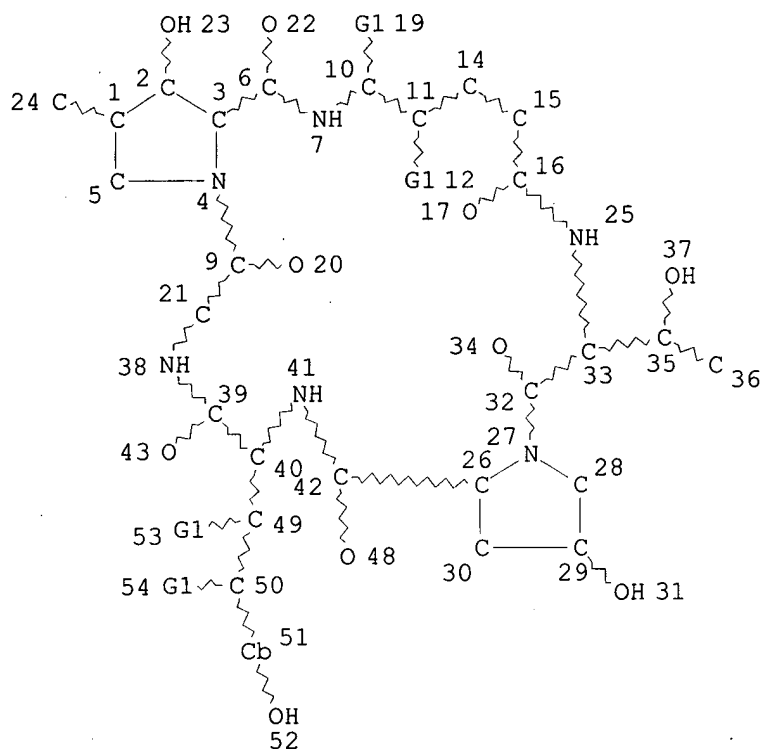


09/673836

(FILE ~~UNREGISTERED~~ ENTERED AT 12:14:05 ON 17 OCT 2002)

L5

STR



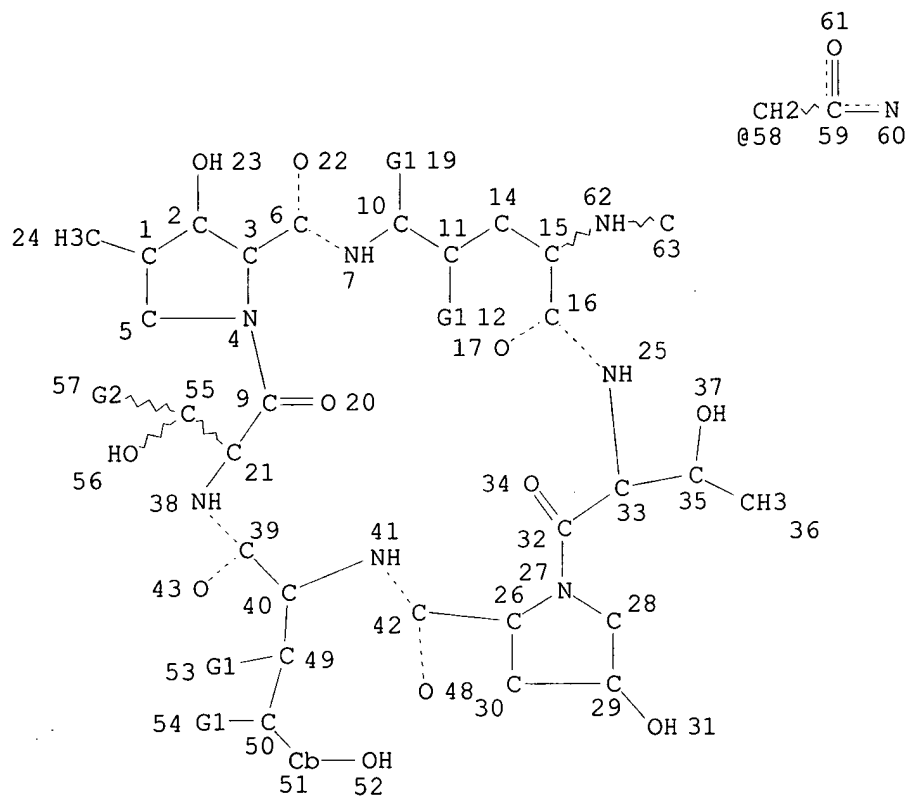
Str.  
Claim 1

VAR G1=H/OH  
NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
GGCAT IS UNS AT 51  
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
RING(S) ARE ISOLATED OR EMBEDDED  
NUMBER OF NODES IS 47

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE  
L7 1919 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L5  
L22 STR

09/673836



VAR G1=H/OH  
VAR G2=H/CH3/58  
NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
GGCAT IS UNS AT 51  
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
RSPEC I  
NUMBER OF NODES IS 56

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE  
L23 1861 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L7 SSS FUL L22  
~~L24~~ 314 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L23 AND NR=4

(FILE '~~HCAPLUS~~' ENTERED AT 12:23:39 ON 17 OCT 2002)  
L25 99 S L24/P

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:29:56 ON 17 OCT 2002  
E "C4-HOMOTYROSINE"/CN 5  
E "C4-HTYR"/CN 5

~~L26~~ FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:30:23 ON 17 OCT 2002  
1 S L25 AND (C4(W) (HTYR OR (H OR HOMO) (W) (TYR OR TYROSINE)))

(FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:37:53 ON 17 OCT 2002)  
E RANEY NICKEL/CN 5

\* See last pgs. for  
term C4-homotyrosine

09/673836

L39 1 S E3

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:37:58 ON 17 OCT 2002

~~L40~~ 2 S L25 AND (L39 OR RANEY(W) (NICKEL OR NI))

=> s 126 or 140

~~L41~~ ~~2 L26 OR L40~~

=> sel hit 141 1-2 rn  
E1 THROUGH E7 ASSIGNED

=> d 1-2 ibib abs hitstr

L41 ANSWER 1 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:117192 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:165211

TITLE: Method for the production of an antibiotic agent

INVENTOR(S): Connors, Neal C.; Petersen, Leslie A.; Hughes,  
David L.; Dimichele, Lisa M.; Novak, Thomas J.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Merck & Co., Inc., USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

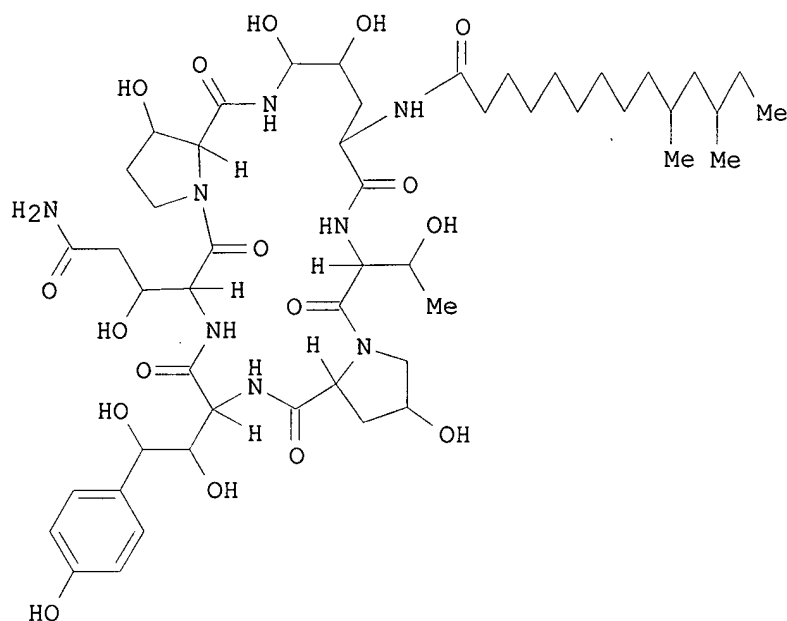
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000008197	A1	20000217	WO 1999-US17444	19990804
W:	AE, AL, AM, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CR, CU, CZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KG, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
AU 9953311	A1	20000228	AU 1999-53311	19990804
EP 1100947	A1	20010523	EP 1999-938933	19990804
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1998-95691P	P 19980807
			WO 1999-US17444	W 19990804

GI

09/673836



AB An improved process for prepg. the compd. of formula (I) is disclosed which utilizes certain amino acids and divalent cations such as Ni, Co, and Zn to increase titer and decrease the amt. of structural analogs.

IT **120692-19-5P**, Pneumocandin A0

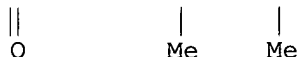
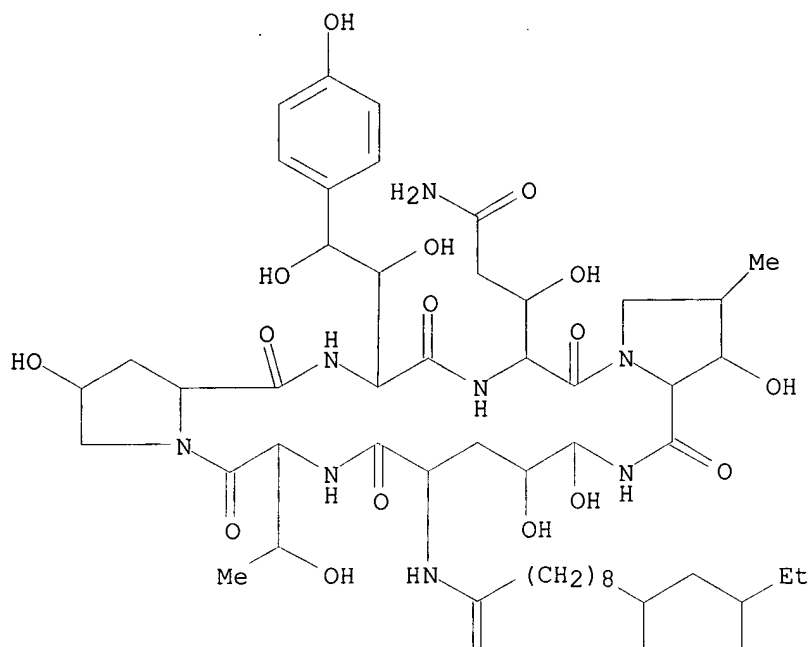
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BMF (Bioindustrial manufacture); BPN (Biosynthetic preparation); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)

(prodn. of antibiotic agents by Glarea)

RN 120692-19-5 HCAPLUS

CN Pneumocandin A0 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Currently available stereo shown.



IT 7440-02-0, Nickel, biological studies  
 RL: BUU (Biological use, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study);  
 USES (Uses)  
 (prodn. of antibiotic pneumocandin derivs. with *Glarea*  
*lozoyensis*)  
 RN 7440-02-0 HCAPLUS  
 CN Nickel (8CI, 9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Ni

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN  
 THE RE FORMAT

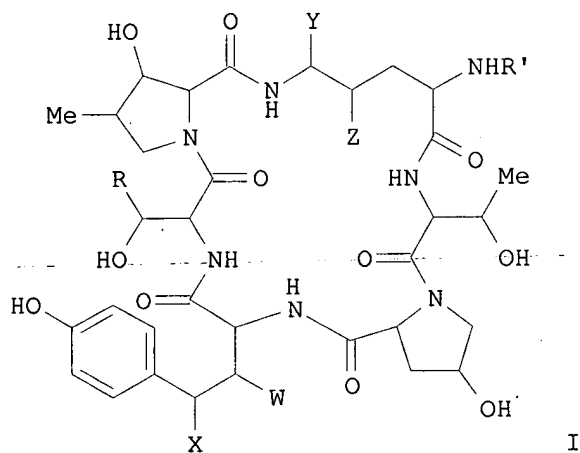
L41 ANSWER 2 OF 2 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:708788 HCAPLUS  
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 131:322923  
 TITLE: A process for the conversion of echinocandin  
 class of peptides to their C4-homotyrosine  
 monodeoxy analogs

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

09/673836

INVENTOR(S): Mukhopadhyay, Triptikumar; Jayvanti, Kenia;  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Kumar, Erra Koteswara Satya Vijaya  
 SOURCE: Hoechst Marion Roussel Deutschland GmbH, Germany  
 PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9955727	A1	19991104	WO 1999-EP2715	19990422
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2327474	AA	19991104	CA 1999-2327474	19990422
AU 9937096	A1	19991116	AU 1999-37096	19990422
BR 9909853	A	20001219	BR 1999-9853	19990422
EP 1073675	A1	20010207	EP 1999-919261	19990422
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO				
JP 2002513033	T2	20020508	JP 2000-545885	19990422
NO 2000005258	A	20001019	NO 2000-5258	20001019
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 1998-107397 A 19980423				
WO 1999-EP2715 W 19990422				
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 131:322923; MARPAT 131:322923				
GI				



AB Echinocandin type peptides I (X = OH; W, Y, Z = OH, H; R = Me,

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

09/673836

CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>, H; R' = linoleoyl, 10,12-dimethylmyristoyl, 12-methyltetradecanoyl) were converted to their C4-homotyrosine (C4-htyr) monodeoxy analogs I (X = H) via a single step selective redn. of the C4-htyr hydroxyl group of echinocandins to their monodeoxy analogs under neutral conditions without prior protection/deprotection of the equally facile C5-Orn (ornithine) hydroxyl group and purifn. of the monodeoxy compd. from the crude reaction mixt. Thus, a mixt. of mulundocandin and **Raney nickel** in a pH 7 ethanol soln. was stirred for 3 h at room temp. to afford 30% deoxymulundocandin, following purifn. by liq.-liq. chromatog.

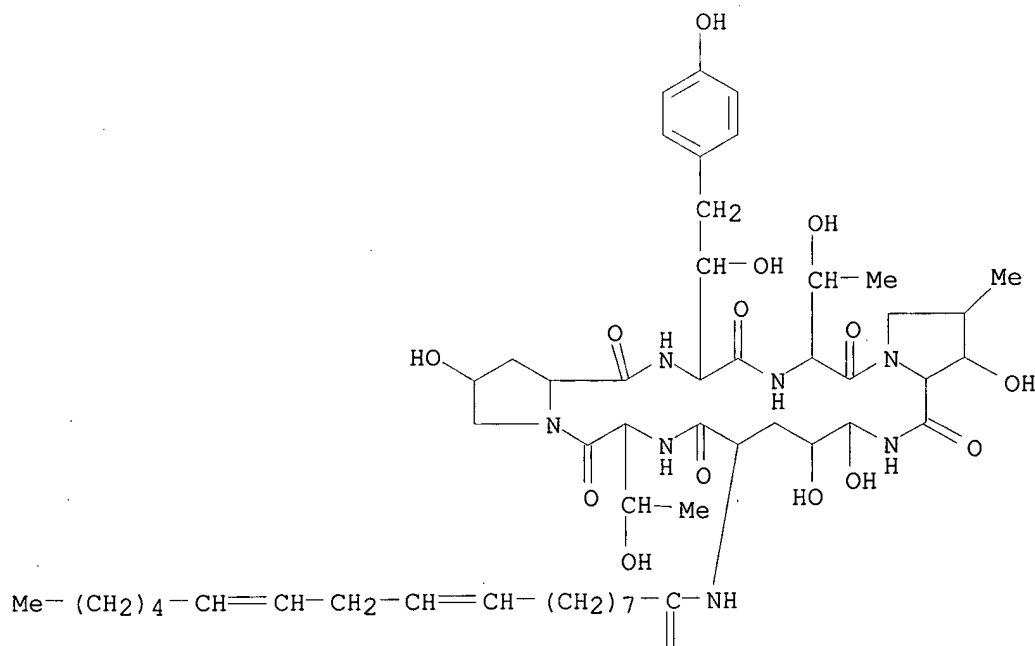
IT 71018-12-7P, Echinocandin c 138626-63-8P,  
Deoxymulundocandin 144476-69-7P, Deoxypneumocandin A2  
248281-21-2P, Deoxypneumocandin A0 248281-23-4P,  
Deoxypneumocandin A1

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)  
(process for conversion of echinocandin class of peptides to their C4-homotyrosine monodeoxy analogs)

RN 71018-12-7 HCAPLUS

CN Echinocandin C (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A

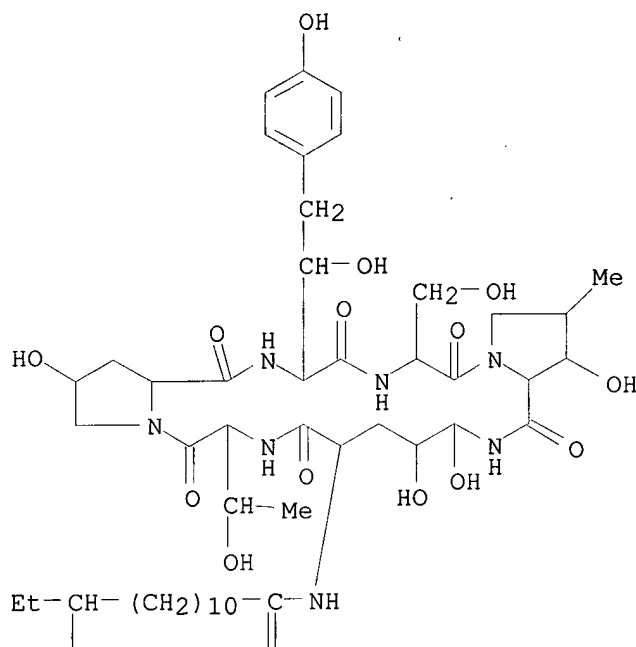
RN 138626-63-8 HCAPLUS

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

09/673836

CN Deoxymulundocandin (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



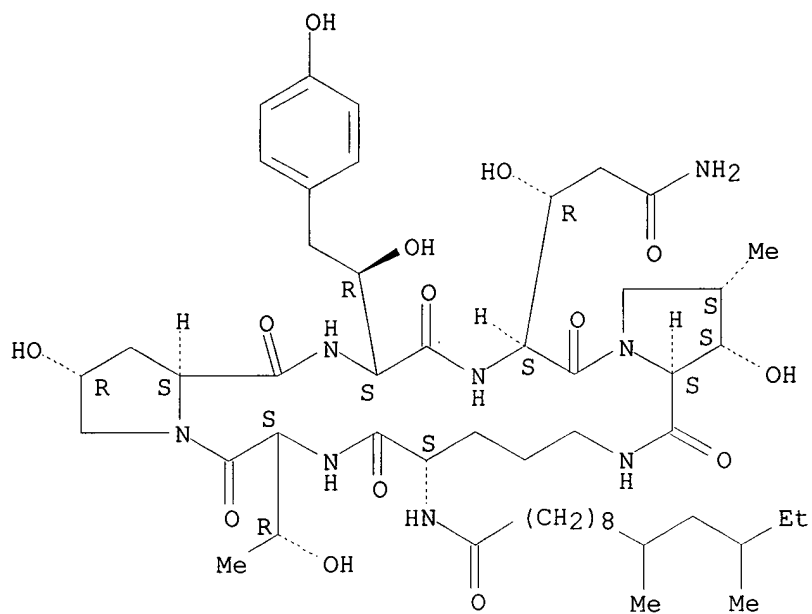
RN 144476-69-7 HCAPLUS

CN Pneumocandin A2, 4-[4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-L-threonine]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

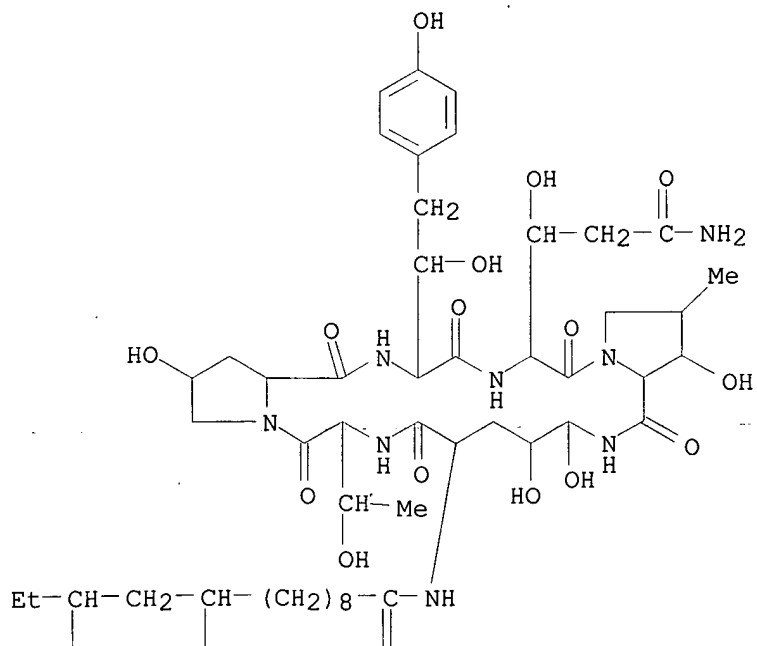


09/673836



RN 248281-21-2 HCAPLUS  
 CN Pneumocandin A0, 4-[4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-L-threonine]- (9CI) (CA  
 INDEX NAME)

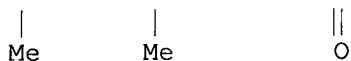
PAGE 1-A



Searcher : Shears 308-4994

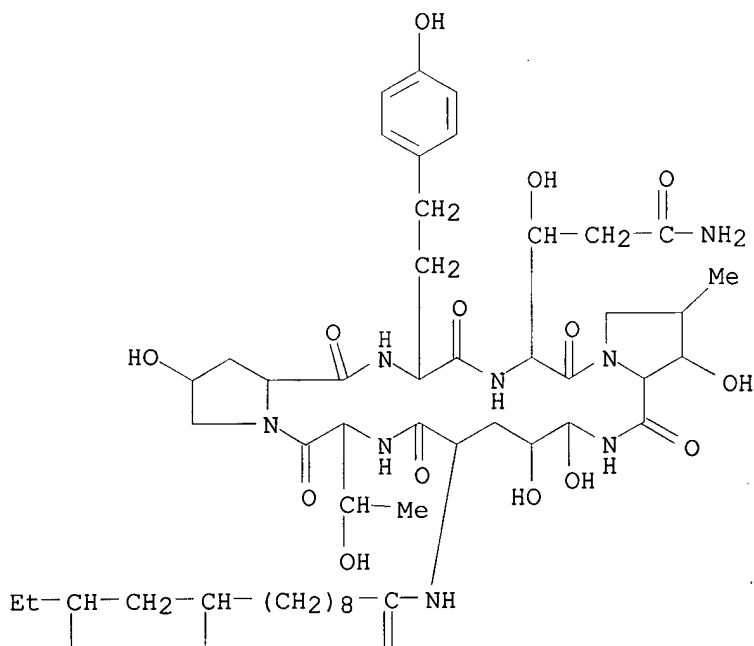
09/673836

PAGE 2-A



RN 248281-23-4 HCAPLUS  
CN Pneumocandin A0, 4-[(.alpha.S)-.alpha.-amino-4-  
hydroxybenzenebutanoic acid]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

PAGE 1-A



PAGE 2-A



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN  
THE RE FORMAT

L42 ~~FILE~~ 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 12:41:37 ON 17 OCT 2002  
7 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON (120692-19-5/BI OR  
138626-63-8/BI OR 144476-69-7/BI OR 248281-21-2/BI OR  
248281-23-4/BI OR 71018-12-7/BI OR 7440-02-0/BI)

L43 ~~FILE~~ 'CAOLD' ENTERED AT 12:41:53 ON 17 OCT 2002  
0 S L42

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

09/673836

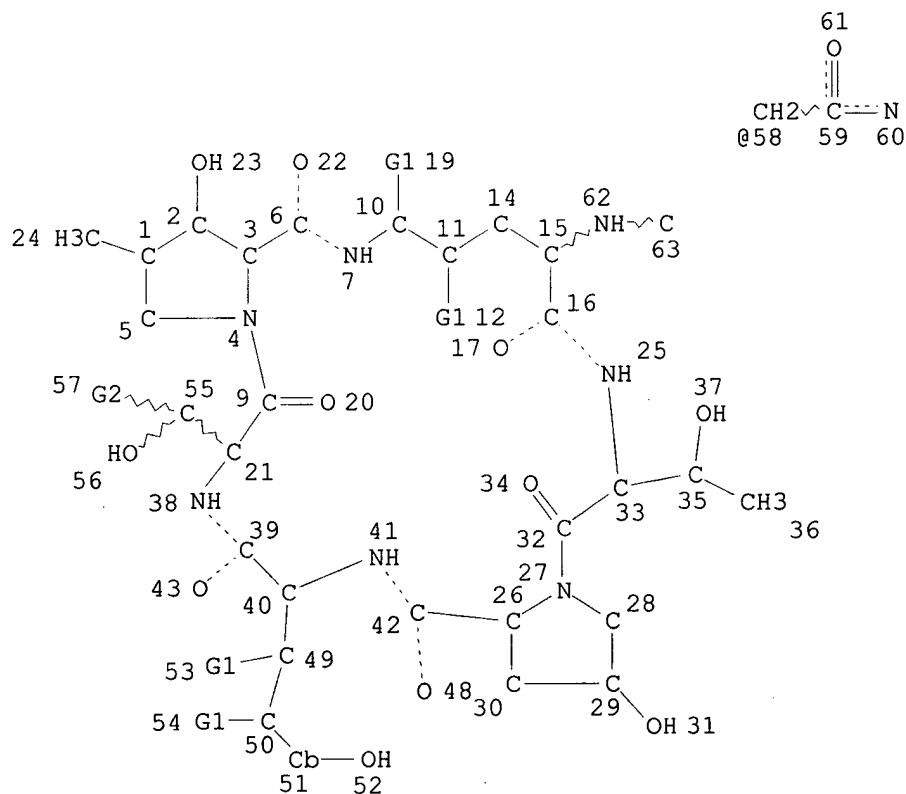
~~(FILE 'HUSPATEFULL'~~ ENTERED AT 12:42:01 ON 17 OCT 2002)

L44 1300 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L42/P  
L45 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L44 AND (C4(W) (HTYR OR (H OR  
HOMO) (W) (TYR OR TYROSINE)))

L50 1288 S L44(S) (L39 OR RANEY(W) (NICKEL OR NI))  
L51 0 S L50(S) (REDUC? OR RED#)

~~(FILE 'CASREACT'~~ ENTERED AT 12:47:10 ON 17 OCT 2002)

L22 STR



VAR G1=H/OH  
VAR G2=H/CH3/58  
NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
GGCAT IS UNS AT 51  
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
RSPEC I  
NUMBER OF NODES IS 56

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

~~L53~~ ~~14 SEA FILE=CASREACT-SSS FUL L22 (~~ 217 REACTIONS)

100.0% DONE 391 VERIFIED 217 HIT RXNS 14 DOCS  
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

09/673836

L53 ANSWER 1 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 134:296085 CASREACT

TITLE: FR131535, a novel water-soluble  
echinocandin-like lipopeptide: synthesis and  
biological properties

AUTHOR(S): Fujie, A.; Iwamoto, T.; Sato, B.; Muramatsu, H.;  
Kasahara, C.; Furuta, T.; Hori, Y.; Hino, M.;  
Hashimoto, S.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Exploratory Research Laboratories, Fujisawa  
Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Ibaraki, Tsukuba-shi,  
300-2698, Japan

SOURCE: Bioorganic & Medicinal Chemistry Letters (2001),  
11(3), 399-402

CODEN: BMCLE8; ISSN: 0960-894X

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB The synthesis and biol. properties of a novel water-sol.  
echinocandin-like lipopeptide, FR131535, are described. This compd.  
displayed potent in vitro and in vivo antifungal activities. The  
hemolytic activity of FR901379 was reduced by replacing the acyl  
side chain. This compd. showed good water-sol., comparable to the  
natural product FR901379. The synthesis and biol. properties of a  
novel water-sol. echinocandin-like lipopeptide FR131535 are  
described.

RX(1) OF 10 A ==> B...

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

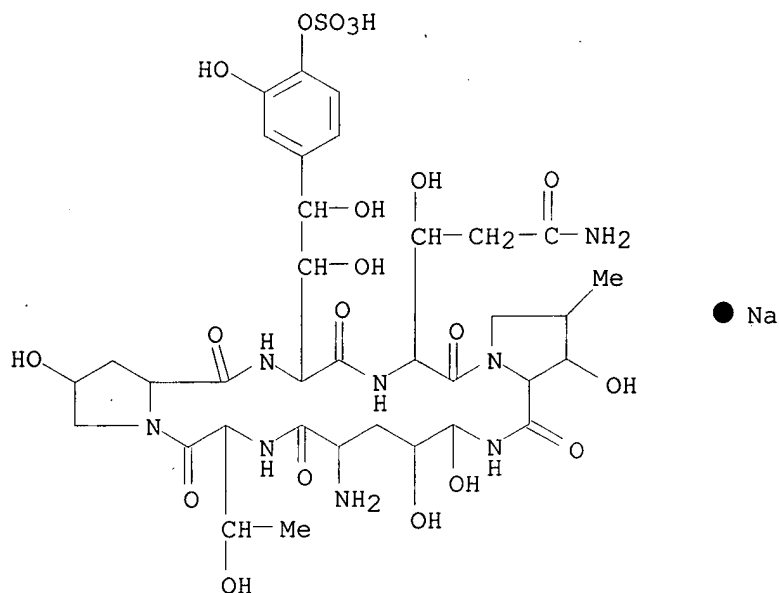
PAGE 2-A



A

(1) →

09/673836



B

RX(1) RCT A 138328-74-2

PRO B 334541-91-2

NTE literature prepn.

REFERENCE COUNT: 17 THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE  
FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE  
IN THE RE FORMAT

L53 ANSWER 2 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 134:131818 CASREACT

TITLE: Preparation of novel cyclohexapeptides based on  
mulundocandin for use as antifungal agents

INVENTOR(S): Bansil, Lal; Vitthal, Genbhau Gund; Ashok, Kumar  
Gangopadhyay

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Aventis Pharma Deutschland G.m.b.H., Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 67 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001007468	A2	20010201	WO 2000-EP6769	20000715
WO 2001007468	A3	20011108		

W: AE, AG, AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, BZ, CA, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DM,  
DZ, EE, GE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK,  
LR, LT, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK,  
TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,  
TJ, TM

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

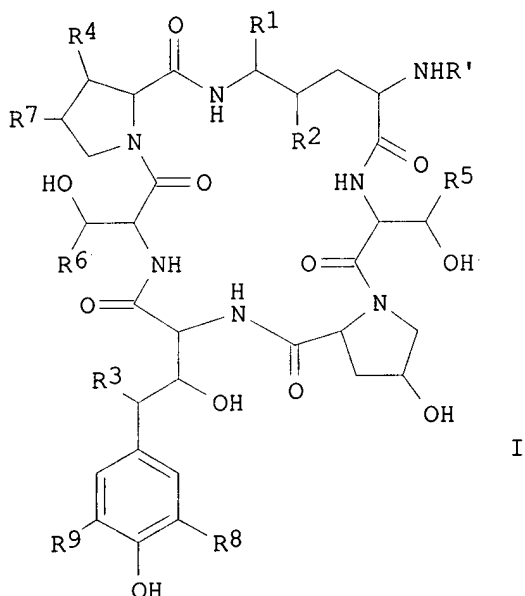
09/673836

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH,  
CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE,  
BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
EP 1204677 A2 20020515 EP 2000-953050 20000715

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC,  
PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 1999-114649 19990727  
WO 2000-EP6769 20000715

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:131818  
GI



AB Cyclohexapeptides I [R' = alkyl, alkenyl, Ph, biphenyl, terphenyl, naphthyl, alkyl-, alkenyl-, or alkoxyphenyl, linoleoyl, palmitoyl, 12-methylmyristoyl, 10,12-dimethylmyristoyl, or COC6H4OC8H17-p; R1, R3 = OH, CN, CH2NH2, N3, (un)substituted aryl or heterocycllyl with 1-3 of the same or different heteroatoms, aminoalkylamino, (un)substituted alkoxy, etc.; R2, R4 = H, OH; R5 = H, Me; R6 = H, Me, CH2CONH2; R7 = H, Me, OH; R8, R9 = H or secondary aminomethyl] or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts were prepd. for use as antifungal agents. Thus, mulundocandin underwent mono- and dibenzylolation on treatment with benzyl alc. and a catalytic amt. of p-toluenesulfonic acid in 1,4-dioxane. Ornithine-5-benzylmulundocandin underwent Mannich reaction with a various secondary amines.

RX(1) OF 69 2 A + 3 B ==> C + D...

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

PAGE 2-A



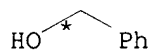
A

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

PAGE 2-A



A



3 B



\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

PAGE 2-A



C

YIELD 67%

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

PAGE 2-A



D

YIELD 13%

RX(1) RCT A 108351-20-8, B 100-51-6

STAGE(1)

CAT 104-15-4 TsOH  
SOL 123-91-1 Dioxane

STAGE(2)

RGT E 144-55-8 NaHCO<sub>3</sub>  
SOL 7732-18-5 Water

09/673836

PRO C 321660-96-2, D 321745-36-2

L53 ANSWER 3 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 134:17732 CASREACT

TITLE: Novel echinocandin derivatives, method for preparing same and use as antifungal agents

INVENTOR(S): Corbier, Alain; Fauveau, Patrick; Pietre-Dischamp, Nathalie; Schio, Laurent; Vicat, Pascale

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hoechst Marion Roussel, Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000075178	A1	20001214	WO 2000-FR1569	20000608
W:	AE, AG, AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DM, DZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
FR 2794747	A1	20001215	FR 1999-7252	19990609
EP 1189932	A1	20020327	EP 2000-940456	20000608
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1999-7252	19990609
			WO 2000-FR1569	20000608

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 134:17732  
GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The invention concerns cyclic peptides I wherein: R = chain contg. up to 30 carbon atoms, optionally contg. one or several heteroatoms, one or several heterocycles; either R1 and R2 = H, OH, alkyl optionally substituted, or NR1 forms with the carbon bearing NR1R2 a double bond and R2 is XRa, X being O, NH or N-alkyl and Ra being H, alkyl optionally substituted; R3 = H, OH, CH3; R4 = H, OH; T = H, CH3, CH2CONH2, CH2CN, (CH2)2NH2; Y = H, OH, halogen, OSO3H; W = H, OH; Z = H or CH3. The products of formula I have antifungal properties. Thus, trans-1-[4-[(2-aminocyclo-hexyl)amino]-N2-[[4-[5-[4-(pentyloxy)phenyl]-3-isoxazolyl]phenyl]carbonyl]-L-ornithine]-4-[4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-L-threonine]-5-L-serine-echinocandin B trifluoroacetate was prepd. and tested for its inhibition of glucan synthase of Candida albicans.

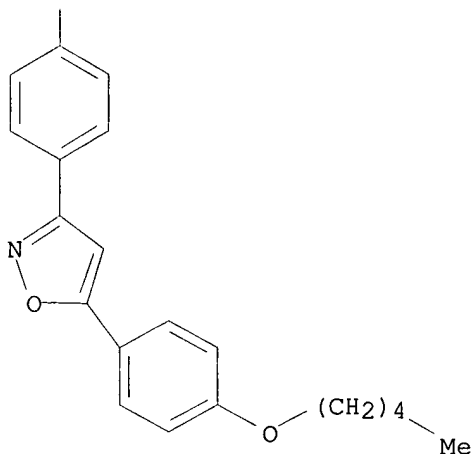


09/673836

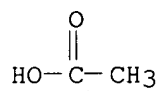
RX(1) OF 28 ... 2 A + 2 B + 2 C ==> D + E

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

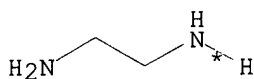
PAGE 2-A



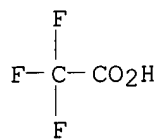
2 A



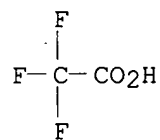
2 B: CM 1



2 B: CM 2

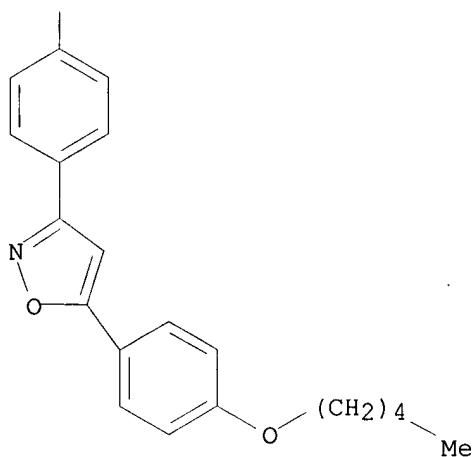


2 C

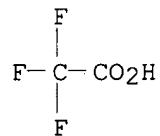


D: CM 1

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

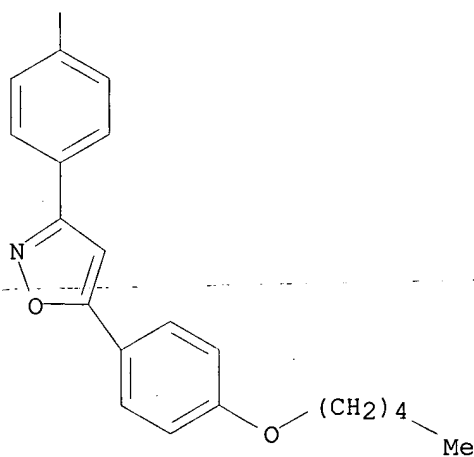


D: CM 2



E: CM 1

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*



E: CM 2

09/673836

RX(1) RCT A 310459-17-7, B 38734-69-9

STAGE(1)

RGT F 25895-60-7 NaBH3CN  
SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

STAGE(2)

RCT C 76-05-1  
SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 75-05-8 MeCN

PRO D 310459-08-6, E 310459-11-1

NTE 4A mol. sieves; last step semi-preparative HPLC

REFERENCE COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN  
THE RE FORMAT

L53 ANSWER 4 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 134:17731 CASREACT

TITLE: Echinocandin derivatives, method for preparing  
same and application as glucan synthase  
inhibitors and antifungal agents

INVENTOR(S): Fauveau, Patrick; Hawser, Stephen; Lebourg,  
Gilles; Schio, Laurent

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hoechst Marion Roussel, Fr.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 24 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000075177	A1	20001214	WO 2000-FR1568	20000608
W:	AE, AG, AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DM, DZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			
FR 2794746	A1	20001215	FR 1999-7251	19990609
EP 1189933	A1	20020327	EP 2000-942169	20000608
R:	AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO			
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1999-7251	19990609
			WO 2000-FR1568	20000608
OTHER SOURCE(S):	MARPAT 134:17731			
GI				

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The invention concerns in all possible isomeric forms as well as  
their mixts., cyclic peptides I wherein: R represents a linear,

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

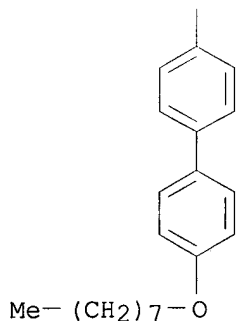
09/673836

branched or cyclic chain; either R1 represents H or CH3 and R2 represents cyclohexyl substituted by an amine, cyanoalkyl ; or R1 and R2 form with the nitrogen which bears them a cycle with 3, 4 or 5 carbons optionally substituted by an amine; R3 represents hydrogen, Me or hydroxyl; R4 represents hydrogen or hydroxyl; T represents hydrogen, Me, CH2CONH2, CH2CN, a (CH2)2NH2 or (CH2)2Nalk+X- radical, X being halogen and alk an alkyl radical; Y represents hydrogen, hydroxyl, halogen or OSO3H; W represents H or OH; Z represents H, CH3. The compds. of formula I have antifungal properties. Thus, . Trans 1-[4-[(2-aminocyclohexyl)amino]-N2-[[4'-(pentyloxy)[1,1':4',1''terphenyl]-4-yl]carbonyl]-L-ornithine]-4-[4-(4-hydroxyphenyl)-L-threonine]-5-L-serine-echinocandine B trifluoroacetate was prepd. and tested for its inhibition of glucan synthase of *Candida albicans* and of the enzyme prepd. from *Aspergillus fumigatus*.

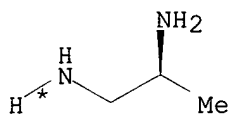
RX(1) OF 12 ...2 A + 2 B + 2 C ==> D + E

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

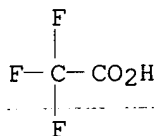
PAGE 2-A



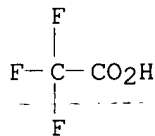
2 A



2 B



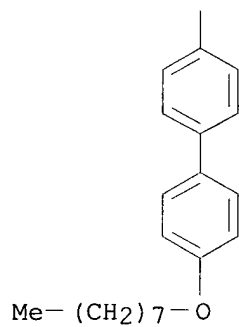
2 C



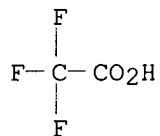
D: CM 1

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

PAGE 2-A



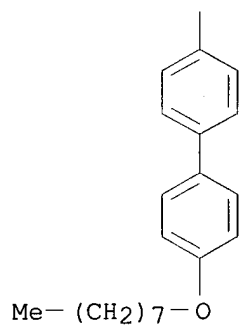
D: CM 2



E: CM 1

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

PAGE 2-A



E: CM 2

RX(1) RCT A 227472-55-1, B 19777-66-3

STAGE(1)

RGT F 121-44-8 Et<sub>3</sub>N  
SOL 67-56-1 MeOH

STAGE(2)

RGT G 25895-60-7 NaBH<sub>3</sub>CN

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

09/673836

STAGE(3)

RCT C 76-05-1

SOL 7732-18-5 Water, 75-05-8 MeCN

PRO D 310461-86-0, E 310461-89-3

NTE 1st stage siliporite grains; last stage semi-preparative  
HPLC

REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN  
THE RE FORMAT

L53 ANSWER 5 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 132:308664 CASREACT

TITLE: Photochemical process for conversion of the  
1,2-diol moiety of an echinocandin compound to  
the 1-deoxy-2-keto analog

INVENTOR(S): Hitchcock, Stephen Andrew; Gregory, George  
Stuart

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Eli Lilly and Company, USA

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2000024694	A1	20000504	WO 1999-US25301	19991027
W:	AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM			
RW:	GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG			

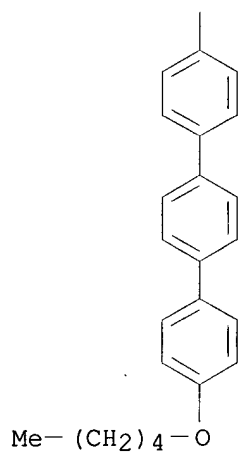
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: US 1998-105936P 19981028

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:308664

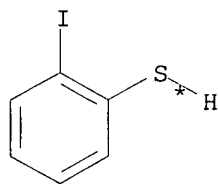
AB A method for converting an epoxy or hydroxy moiety to a 1-deoxy-2-keto moiety is described which includes: (1) reacting a compd. having an epoxy or hydroxy moiety with a thiophenol and (2) irradiating the 1-phenylthio-2-hydroxy moiety with UV or near-UV radiation to convert the 1-phenylsulfide-2-hydroxy moiety to a 1-deoxy-2-keto moiety. The process was used to modify the cyclic peptide ring system of an echinocandin-type compd. contg. a 1,2-diol moiety to produce new keto analogs.

RX(1) OF 3 A + B ==> C...

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*



A



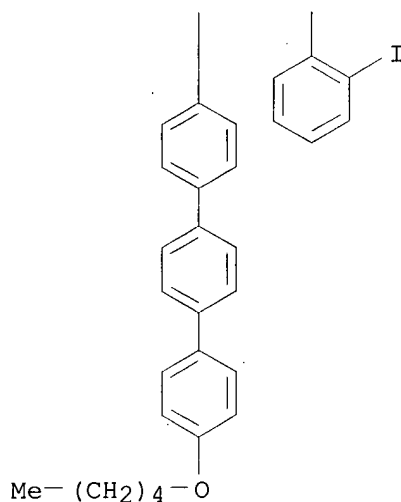
B



\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

09/673836

PAGE 2-A



C

RX(1) RCT A 166663-25-8, B 37972-89-7  
PRO C 266317-25-3  
SOL 75-05-8 MeCN, 67-56-1 MeOH

REFERENCE COUNT: 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN  
THE RE FORMAT

L53 ANSWER 6 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 131:322923 CASREACT

TITLE: A process for the conversion of echinocandin  
class of peptides to their C4-homotyrosine  
monodeoxy analogs

INVENTOR(S): Mukhopadhyay, Triptikumar; Jayvanti, Kenia;  
Kumar, Erra Koteswara Satya Vijaya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hoechst Marion Roussel Deutschland GmbH, Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

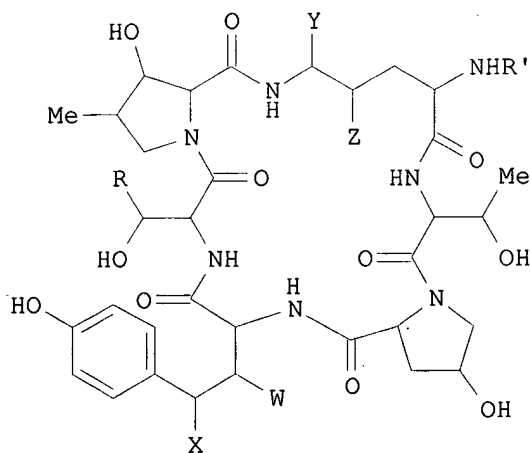
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9955727	A1	19991104	WO 1999-EP2715	19990422
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,				

Searcher : Shears 308-4994



09/673836

DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,  
CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG  
CA 2327474 AA 19991104 CA 1999-2327474 19990422  
AU 9937096 A1 19991116 AU 1999-37096 19990422  
BR 9909853 A 20001219 BR 1999-9853 19990422  
EP 1073675 A1 20010207 EP 1999-919261 19990422  
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT,  
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO  
JP 2002513033 T2 20020508 JP 2000-545885 19990422  
NO 2000005258 A 20001019 NO 2000-5258 20001019  
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: EP 1998-107397 19980423  
WO 1999-EP2715 19990422  
OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:322923  
GI



AB Echinocandin type peptides I (X = OH; W, Y, Z = OH, H; R = Me, CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>, H; R' = linoleoyl, 10,12-dimethylmyristoyl, 12-methyltetradecanoyl) were converted to their C4-homotyrosine (C4-htyr) monodeoxy analogs I (X = H) via a single step selective redn. of the C4-htyr hydroxyl group of echinocandins to their monodeoxy analogs under neutral conditions without prior protection/deprotection of the equally facile C5-Orn (ornithine) hydroxyl group and purifn. of the monodeoxy compd. from the crude reaction mixt. Thus, a mixt. of mulundocandin and Raney nickel in a pH 7 ethanol soln. was stirred for 3 h at room temp. to afford 30% deoxymulundocandin, following purifn. by liq.-liq. chromatog.

RX(1) OF 1 A ==> B

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

PAGE 2-A

||  
O

A

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

(1)

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

PAGE 2-A

||  
OB  
YIELD 75%RX(1) RCT A 54651-05-7  
RGT C 7440-02-0 Ni  
PRO B 71018-12-7  
SOL 64-17-5 EtOHREFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN  
THE RE FORMAT

L53 ANSWER 7 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 129:276286 CASREACT  
TITLE: Studies on the phosphorylation of LY303366  
AUTHOR(S): Udodong, Uko E.; Turner, William W.; Astelford,  
Bret A.; Brown, Frank, Jr.; Clayton, Marcella  
T.; Dunlap, Steven E.; Frank, Scott A.; Grutsch,  
John L.; LaGrandeur, Lisa M.; Verral, Daniel E.;  
Werner, John A.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Lilly Research Laboratories, Lilly Corporate  
Center, Indianapolis, IN, 46285, USA  
SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1998), 39(34), 6115-6118  
CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039  
PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

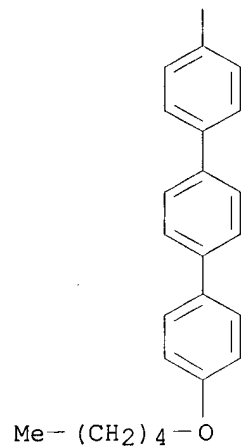
AB Phosphorylation of LY303366 was studied in THF and DMF. Benzyl  
phosphate (I) could be prepd. in excellent yield using LiOH as the  
base. Both I and the derived phosphonic acid monosodium salt were  
prone to undergo hydrolytic dephosphorylation.

RX(1) OF 1 A + B ==&gt; C

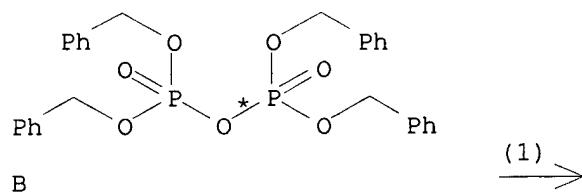
09/673836

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

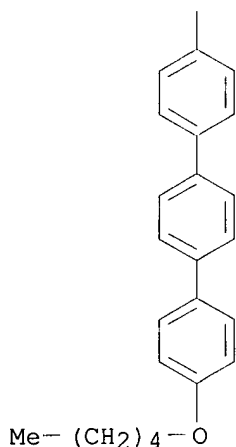
PAGE 2-A



A



\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*



C  
YIELD 33%

RX(1) RCT A 166663-25-8, B 990-91-0  
RGT D 1310-65-2 LiOH  
PRO C 213669-65-9  
SOL 75-09-2 CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>, 109-99-9 THF

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN  
THE RE FORMAT

L53 ANSWER 8 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 126:212437 CASREACT

TITLE: Preparation of cyclic peptide antifungal agents

INVENTOR(S): Rodriguez, Michael John

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lilly, Eli, and Co., USA

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 22 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 757058	A1	19970205	EP 1996-305345	19960722
EP 757058	B1	20001108		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE				
US 5629289	A	19970513	US 1995-506790	19950725
AT 197460	E	20001111	AT 1996-305345	19960722
ES 2151638	T3	20010101	ES 1996-305345	19960722
WO 9705163	A1	19970213	WO 1996-US12111	19960723
W: AL, AM, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CN, CZ, EE, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, RU, SD, SG, SI, SK, TJ, TM, TR,				

09/673836

TT, UA, UG, US, UZ  
RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML,  
MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 9665938	A1 19970226	AU 1996-65938	19960723
JP 11510165	T2 19990907	JP 1996-507687	19960723
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:		US 1995-506790	19950725
		WO 1996-US12111	19960723

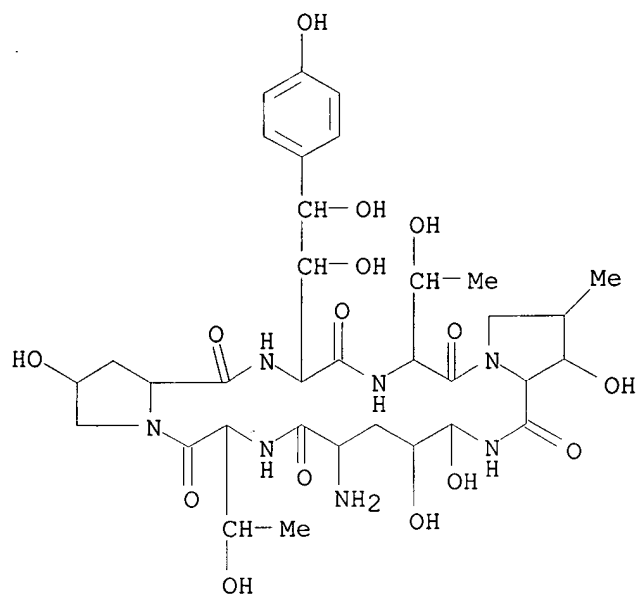
OTHER SOURCE(S):           MARPAT 126:212437  
GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

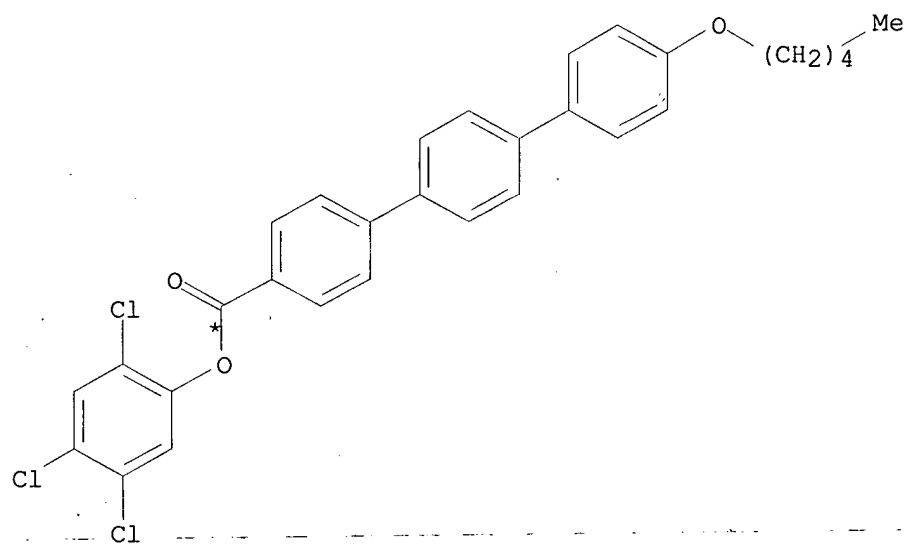
AB    Provided are pharmaceutical formulations, and methods of inhibiting fungal and parasitic activity using cyclopeptides I [R11 = H, CH2OH, CHMeOH, CH(OH)CH2CONH2; R12 = H, CH2OH, CHMeOH; R13 = H, Me; R31 = H, OH, OR30; R30 = C1-6 alkyl, PhCH2, (CH2)2SiMe3, CH2CH:CH2, CH2CH(OH)CH2OH, (CH2)aCO2H, (CH2)bNR41R42, (CH2)cPOR43R44, (CH2CH2O)d(C1-6)alkyl; a, b, c = 1-6; R41, R42 = H, C1-6 alkyl; R41R42 = (CH2)e; R43, R44 = OH, C1-6 alkoxy; d = 1, 2; e = 3-5; R32, R21, R22, R23, R24 = OH, H; R0 = OH, OPO3H2, OP(O)(OH)R1, OP(O)(OH)OR1, R1 = C1-6 alkyl, Ph, p-halophenyl, p-nitrophenyl, PhCH2, p-halobenzyl, p-nitrobenzyl; R2 = COC6H4R3; R3 = C6H4R5-4, C.tplbond.CC6H4R6-4, p-C6H4C.tplbond.CC6H4R7-4, p-C6H4C6H4R8-4; R5, R6, R7, R8 = H, C1-12 alkyl, C2-12 alkynyl, C1-12 alkoxy, C1-12 alkylthio, halo, O(CH2)m[O(CH2)n]pO(C1-12 alkyl), O(CH2)qXR4; m = 2-4; n = 2-4; p = 0, 1; q = 2-4; X = pyrrolidino, piperidino, piperazino; R4 = H, C1-12 alkyl, C3-12 cycloalkyl, benzyl, C3-12 cycloalkylmethyl; with the proviso that at least 1 of R11 and R12 must be H] or pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof. Thus, acylation of 348.1 g (60.2 mmol) antibiotic A 30912A nucleus with 26.0 g (48.2 mmol) terphenyl active ester Me(CH2)4O-p-C6H4-p-C6H4-p-C6H4CO2C6H2C13-2,4,5 in 8.5 L of DMF gave 18 g acylated deriv. II (R11 = R12 = CHMeOH, R31 = R32 = OH) (III). Treatment of 5 g III with 17 mL CF3CO2H and 35 mL Et3SiH in 250 mL CH2Cl2 gave 3.872 g (79%) reduced deriv. II (R11 = R12 = CHMeOH, R31 = R32 = H), which underwent retro-aldol condensation by treatment with 2.51 g (22.6 mmol) Me3N+O- in 20 mL of a 1:1 mixt. of MeCN and DMF at 100.degree. for 24 h to give 72% II (R11 = R12 = R31 = R32 = H). Pharmaceutical formulations contg. II (R11 = R12 = R31 = R32 = H) arte given.

RX(1) OF 6       A + B ==> C...

09/673836



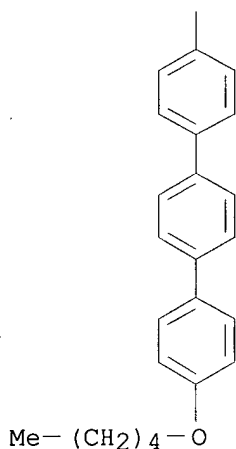
A



B

(1) →

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*



C

RX(1) RCT A 79411-15-7, B 158937-65-6  
 PRO C **166663-25-8**  
 SOL 68-12-2 DMF

L53 ANSWER 9 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 125:115162 CASREACT  
 TITLE: Process for performing retro-aldol reactions  
 using amine oxide agents  
 INVENTOR(S): Rodriguez, Michael John  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Lilly, Eli, and Co., USA  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: English  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9615142	A1	19960523	WO 1995-US14613	19951113
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK				
RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2205369	AA	19960523	CA 1995-2205369	19951113
AU 9641063	A1	19960606	AU 1996-41063	19951113
EP 787140	A1	19970806	EP 1995-939112	19951113
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE				
JP-10508852	T2	19980902	JP 1995-516206	19951113
US 5677423	A	19971014	US 1996-763584	19961210

09/673836

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

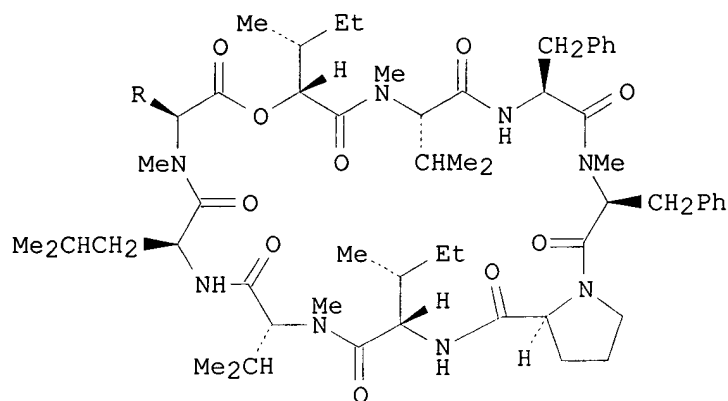
US 1994-339525 19941115

WO 1995-US14613 19951113

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 125:115162

GI

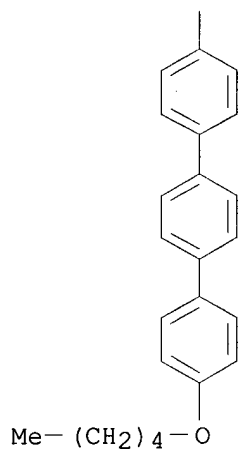


AB A process for removing .beta.-hydroxy groups from .beta.-hydroxy-contg. compds. id disclosed. The process involves the use of a retro-aldol-promoting reagent selected from the group consisting of trimethylamine-N-oxide, triethylamine-N-oxide, trimethylamine-N-oxide hydrate, and trimethylamine-hydrate and requires dissoln. of the substrate in an aprotic solvent and reaction under elevated temps. The process is broadly applicable to a variety of substrates including complex cyclic peptides, linear peptides, and nonpeptides. Thus, 0.25 g cyclopeptide R106-1 (I; R = CMe<sub>2</sub>OH), obtained by fermn. from *Aureobasidium pullulans*, was dissolved in 2.5 mL MeCN and 0.25 g trimethylamine N-oxide hydrate added all at once. The reaction mixt. was heated at 70.degree. for 24 h, cooled to room temp., concd. under vacuum, dissolved in EtOAc, washed with cold 10% HCl, satd. NaHCO<sub>3</sub>, and brine, and purified by reverse-phase preparative HPLC to yield 0.22 g (92%) of sarcosine-contg. cyclopeptide I (R = H).

RX(2) OF 3 E ==> F

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

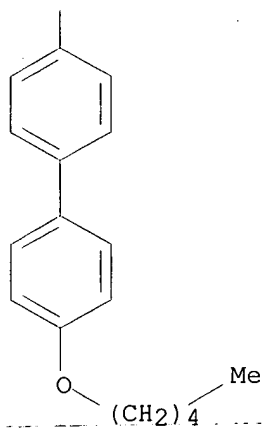




E

(2) →

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*



F

RX(2) RCT E 179118-65-1  
 RGT C 136449-78-0 Methanamine, N,N-dimethyl-, N-oxide,  
 monohydrate  
 PRO F 179118-66-2  
 SOL 75-05-8 MeCN, 68-12-2 DMF  
 NTE regioselective

09/673836

L53 ANSWER 10 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 117:234513 CASREACT  
TITLE: Reduction studies of antifungal echinocandin  
lipopeptides. One step conversion of  
echinocandin B to echinocandin C  
AUTHOR(S): Balkovec, James M.; Black, Regina M.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Synth. Chem. Res., Merck Res. Lab.,  
Rathway, NJ, 07065-0900, USA  
SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1992), 33(32), 4259-32  
CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
AB Sodium cyanoborohydride in trifluoroacetic acid selectively reduced  
the C5-hydroxyornithine and C4-hydroxyhomotyrosine carbinols to  
methylene groups in echinocandin lipopeptides. The selective redn.  
of either hydroxyl is also described. The first conversion of  
echinocandin B to echinocandin C was accomplished.

*provided*

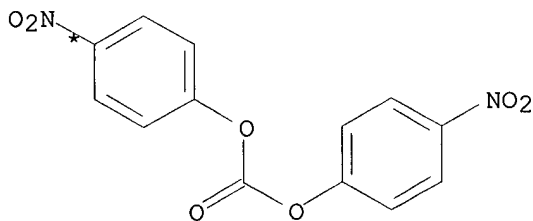
RX(3) OF 12 F + G ==> A...

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

PAGE 2-A



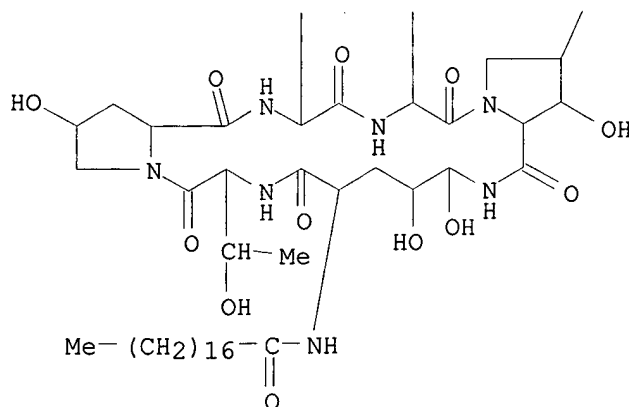
F



G



\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*



A

RX(3) RCT F 54651-06-8, G 5070-13-3  
 RGT H 1310-65-2 LiOH  
 PRO A 144448-04-4  
 SOL 872-50-4 NMEP

L53 ANSWER 11 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 117:70296 CASREACT

TITLE: Preparation and structure-activity relationships  
 of simplified analogs of the antifungal agent  
 cilofungin: a total synthesis approach

AUTHOR(S): Zambias, Robert A.; Hammond, Milton L.; Heck,  
 James V.; Bartizal, Ken; Trainor, Charlotte;  
 Abruzzo, George; Schmatz, Dennis M.; Nollstadt,  
 Karl M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Merck Res. Lab., Rahway, NJ, 07065, USA

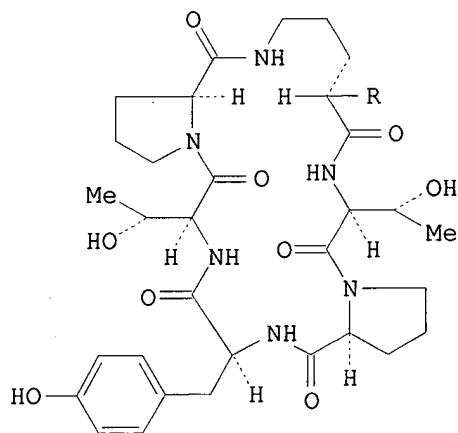
SOURCE: Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1992), 35(15),  
 2843-55

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI



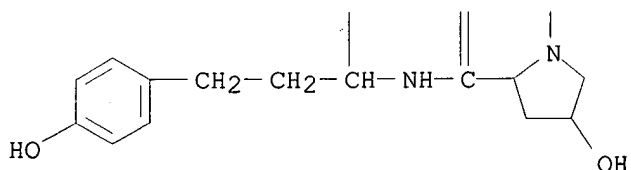
AB The echinocandins are a well-known class of lipopeptides characterized by their potent antifungal activity against *Candida* species. The mechanism of action of the echinocandins is generally thought to be the inhibition of  $\beta$ -1,3-glucan synthesis, an important structural component in the cell wall of *Candida* species. Extensive structure-activity studies on the fatty acid side chain of echinocandin B led to the prepn. of the clin. candidate cilofungin. We now report the prepn., by solid-phase synthesis, of a series of simplified analogs of cilofungin in which the unusual amino acids found in the echinocandins were replaced with more readily accessible natural amino acids. The solid-phase approach to the total synthesis of these analogs allowed us to conveniently explore structural modifications that could not be accomplished by chem. modification of the natural product. The simplest analog I. [R = p-[Me(CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>7</sub>O]C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>4</sub>CONH] showed no biol. activity. Structural complexity was then returned to the system in a systematic fashion so as to reapproach the original cilofungin structure. Antifungal activity and the inhibition of  $\beta$ -1,3-glucan synthesis were monitored at each step of the process, thereby revealing the basic structure-activity relationships of the amino acids and the minimal structural requirements for biol. activity in the echinocandin ring system. The results suggests that the 3-hydroxy-4-methylproline residue enhances activity but the L-homotyrosine residue is crucial for both antifungal activity and the inhibition of  $\beta$ -1,3-glucan synthesis.

RX(11) OF 32 ...AE ==> AH

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

09/673836

PAGE 2-A

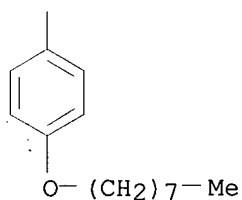


AE

(11)  
→

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

PAGE 2-A



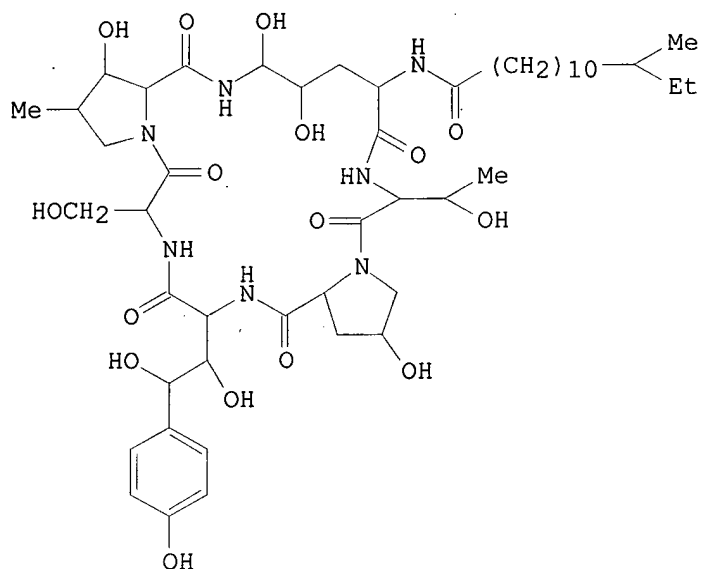
AH  
YIELD 16%

RX(11) RCT AE 141806-24-8  
RGT C 26386-88-9 (PhO)2P(O)N3, D 144-55-8 NaHCO3  
PRO AH 141806-25-9  
SOL 68-12-2 DMF  
NTE Key step

L53 ANSWER 12 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS  
ACCESSION NUMBER: 108:38346 CASREACT  
TITLE: Mulundocandin, a new lipopeptide antibiotic.  
II. Structure elucidation  
AUTHOR(S): Mukhopadhyay, Triptikumar; Ganguli, B. N.;  
Fehlhaber, H. W.; Kogler, H.; Vertesy, L.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Cent., Hoechst India Ltd., Bombay, 400 080,  
India  
SOURCE: J. Antibiot. (1987), 40(3), 281-9  
CODEN: JANTAJ; ISSN: 0021-8820  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
GI

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

09/673836



I

AB Mulundocandin, a new antifungal antibiotic, was shown to have structure I by high field NMR expts., e.g., homo- and heteronuclear correlation spectra, distortionless enhancement by polarization transfer (DEPT) spectra as well as nuclear Overhauser effect. The compd. is a lipopeptide belonging to the echinocandin class.

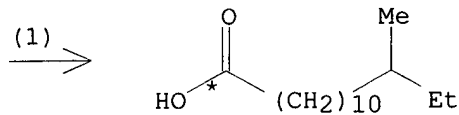
RX(1) OF 5 A ==> B...

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

PAGE 2-A



A



B

RX(1) RCT A 108351-20-8  
RGT C 7647-01-0 HCl  
PRO B 5502-94-3  
SOL 7732-18-5 Water

L53 ANSWER 13 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

09/673836

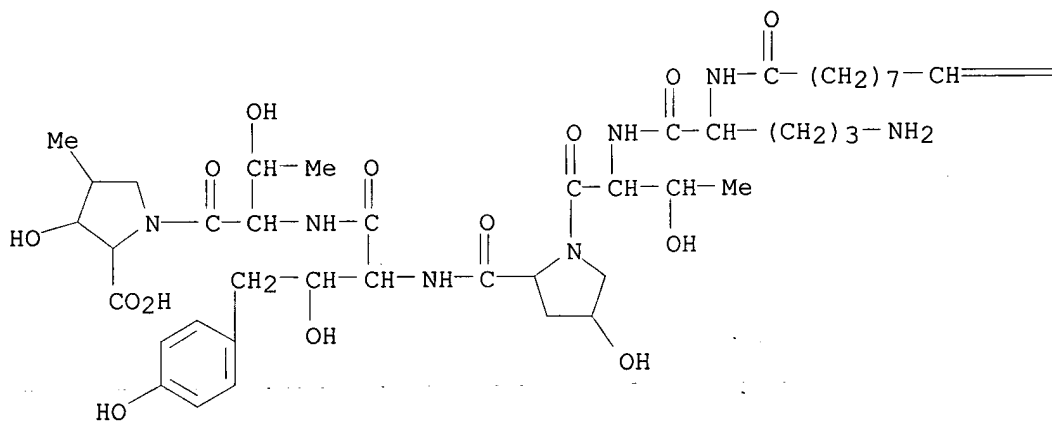
ACCESSION NUMBER: 107:237279 CASREACT  
TITLE: Synthesis of the cyclic hexapeptide echinocandin  
D. New approaches to the asymmetric synthesis  
of .beta.-hydroxy .alpha.-amino acids  
AUTHOR(S): Evans, David A.; Weber, Ann E.  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Harvard Univ., Cambridge, MA, 02138,  
USA  
SOURCE: J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1987), 109(23), 7151-7  
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
GI

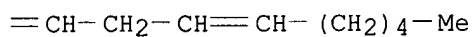
\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

AB The total synthesis of echinocandin D (I, Lin = linoleyl) was achieved using asym. glycine enolate aldol methodol. for the prepn. of 2 constituent .beta.-hydroxy amino acids. Protected hydroxy amino acids II and III were prepd. in 4 steps each from oxazolidinones IV (R = CH<sub>2</sub>Ph, R<sub>1</sub> = H, R<sub>2</sub> = NCS) and IV (R = H, R<sub>1</sub> = CH<sub>2</sub>Ph, R<sub>2</sub> = Br), resp. In both preps., asym. aldol addn. was used to establish the abs. stereochem. relationships at both OH and N-bearing asym. centers. II and III were integrated into the synthesis of I.

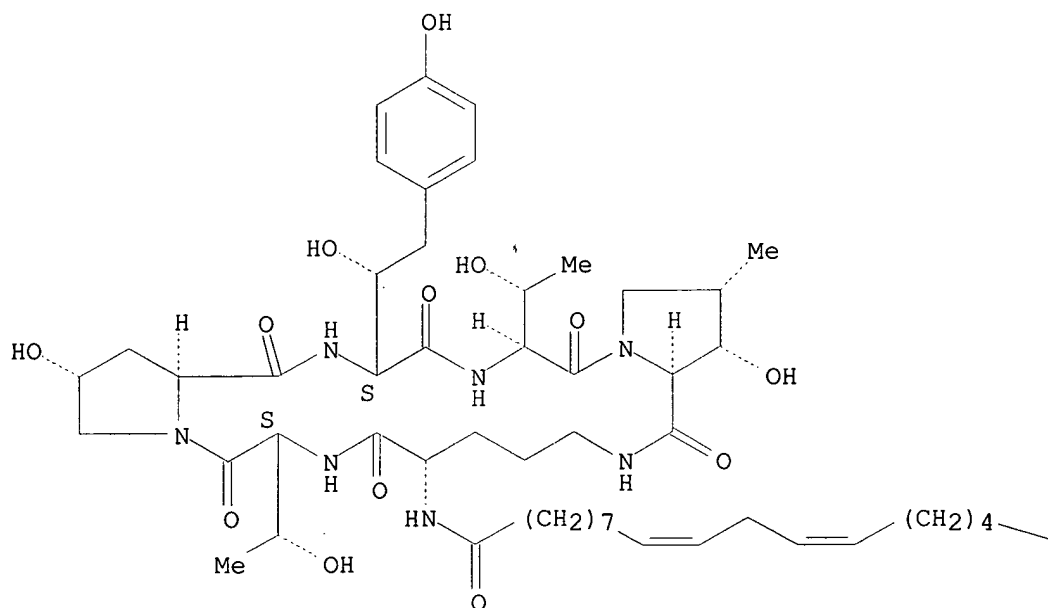
RX(1) OF 177 ...A ==> B...

PAGE 1-A





A

(1)  $\longrightarrow$ 

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

RX(1) RCT A 104197-62-8  
 RGT C 26386-88-9 (PhO)2P(O)N3, D 121-44-8 Et3N  
 PRO B 71018-13-8  
 SOL 68-12-2 DMF

L53 ANSWER 14 OF 14 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 105:173030 CASREACT

TITLE: Total synthesis of echinocandins. II. Total synthesis of echinocandin D via efficient peptide coupling reactions

AUTHOR(S): Kurokawa, Natsuko; Ohfune, Yasufumi

Searcher : Shears 308-4994



09/673836

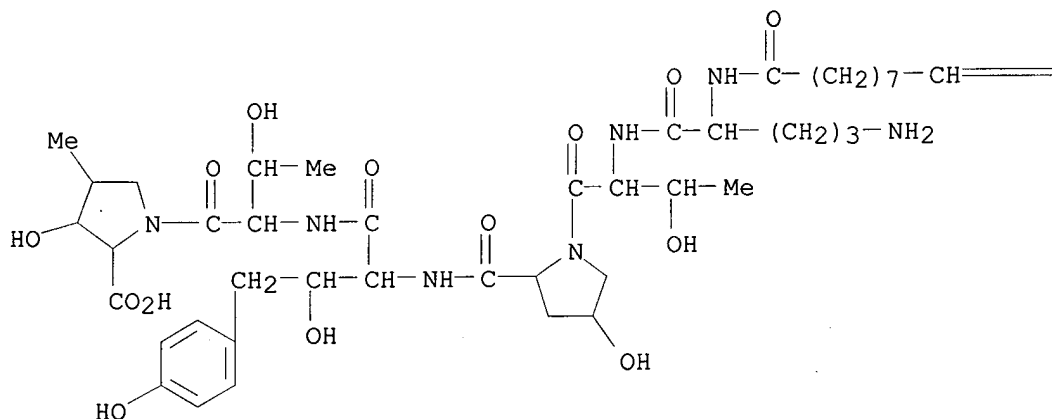
CORPORATE SOURCE: Suntory Inst. Bioorg. Res., Osaka, 618, Japan  
SOURCE: J. Am. Chem. Soc. (1986), 108(19), 6043-5  
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal  
LANGUAGE: English  
GI

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

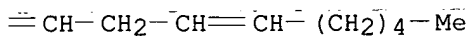
AB Echinocandin D (I, R = H) was prepd. by deblocking hexapeptide II [R = OMe, R1 = CH<sub>2</sub>NHCO<sub>2</sub>CMe<sub>3</sub>, R2 = H, R3 = Si(CMe<sub>3</sub>)Me<sub>2</sub>] (III) and cyclizing the resulting II (R = OH, R1 = CH<sub>2</sub>NH<sub>2</sub>, R2 = R3 = H) by diphenylphosphoryl azide. The deblocking of II [R = NH<sub>2</sub>, R1 = CH(OMe)<sub>2</sub>, R2 = OSi(CMe<sub>3</sub>)Me<sub>2</sub>, R3 = Si(CMe<sub>3</sub>)Me<sub>2</sub>] (IV) followed by an attempted cyclization failed to give echinocandin C (I, R = OH). III and IV were prepd. from their amino acid constituents via peptide coupling reactions.

RX(1) OF 188 ...A ==> B...

PAGE 1-A

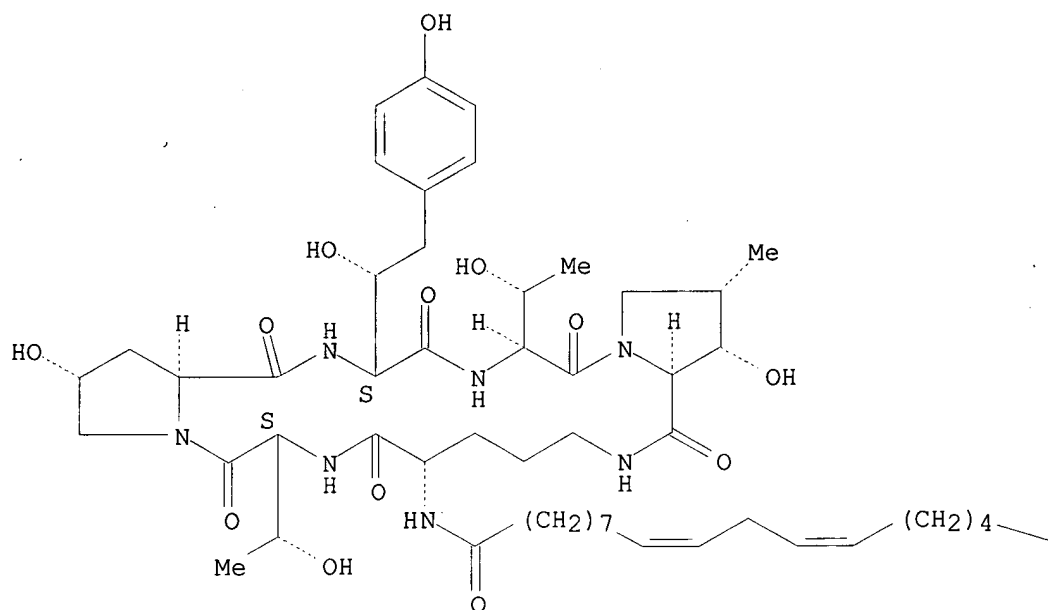


PAGE 1-B



A

(1)  $\rightarrow$



\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

RX(1) RCT A 104197-62-8  
 RGT C 26386-88-9 (PhO)2P(O)N3  
 PRO B 71018-13-8

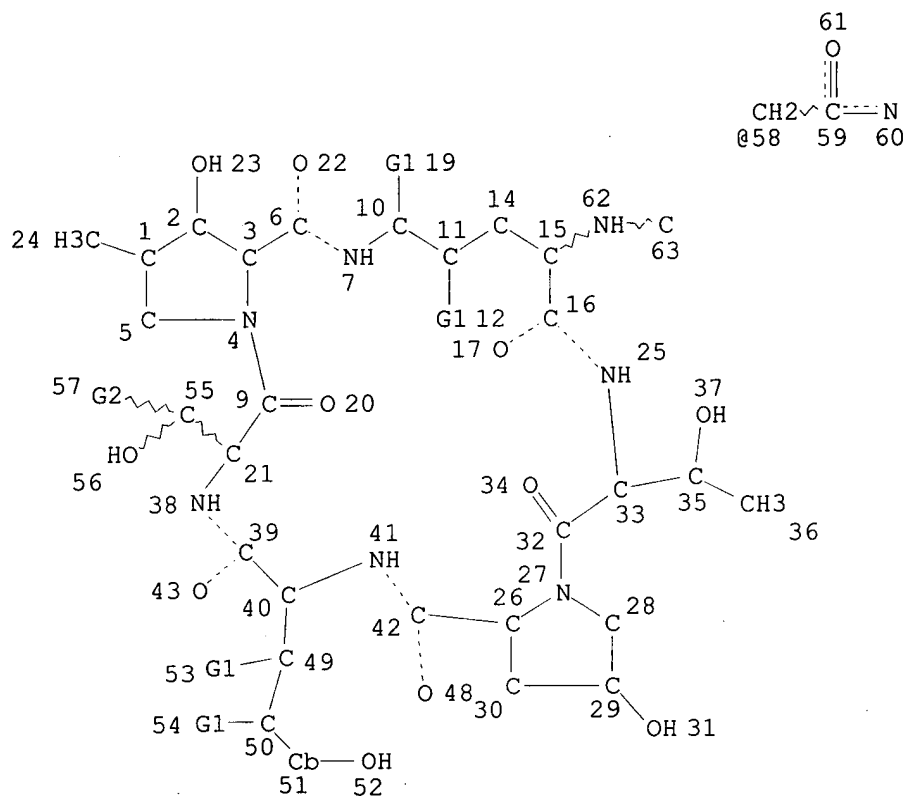
=> fil djsmids,cheminfo,chemreact  
 FILE 'DJSMDs' ENTERED AT 12:48:29 ON 17 OCT 2002  
 COPYRIGHT (C) 2002 THOMSON DERWENT

FILE 'CHEMINFORMRX' ENTERED AT 12:48:29 ON 17 OCT 2002  
 COPYRIGHT (C) FIZ-CHEMIE BERLIN

FILE 'CHEMREACT' ENTERED AT 12:48:29 ON 17 OCT 2002  
 COPYRIGHT (C) Springer-Verlag/InfoChem GmbH (IC)

=> d que stat; d bib ab fhit  
 L22 STR

09/673836



VAR G1=H/OH  
VAR G2=H/CH3/58  
NODE ATTRIBUTES:  
DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM  
GGCAT IS UNS AT 51  
DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:  
RSPEC I  
NUMBER OF NODES IS 56

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

~~L54~~ ~~1 SEA L22~~

L54 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CHEMREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 SPRINGER/IC  
AN 1417229 CHEMREACT  
DN 88011612  
AU EVANS DAVID A.; WEBER ANN E.  
SO J. Am. Chem. Soc., 109, 7151-7157 (1987)  
CODEN: JACSAT ISSN: 0002-7863  
LA English

RX(1) OF 1 A ==> B

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

09/673836

(1)

\* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*

RX(1) RCT A, 164651701  
RCT.STE: S, S, S, S, R, S, R, S, R, S, R, S  
PRO B, 71327204  
PRO.STE: S, S, S, S, R, S, R, S, S, S, R, R  
YD 50.0 %  
KW IR

~~FILE "REGISTRY"~~ ENTERED AT 12:49:24 ON 17 OCT 2002

E MULUNDOCANDIN/CN 5  
L55 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON MULUNDOCANDIN/CN  
E DEOXYMULUNDOCANDIN/CN 5  
L56 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON DEOXYMULUNDOCANDIN/CN

-key terms  
claim 2

~~FILE "HCAPLUS"~~ ENTERED AT 12:49:54 ON 17 OCT 2002

L57 13 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L55 OR MULUNDOCANDIN  
L58 4 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L57 AND (L56 OR DEOXYMULUNDOCANDIN  
OR DEOXY MULUNDOCANDIN)  
L59 3 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L58 NOT L41

L59 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:255768 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:201573

TITLE: Synthesis of new echinocandin derivatives via a  
diol-keto transposition

AUTHOR(S): Aszodi, Jozsef; Fauveau, Patrick; Melon-Manguer,  
Dominique; Ehlers, Eberhard; Schio, Laurent

CORPORATE SOURCE: Medicinal Chemistry, Aventis Pharma,  
Romainville, F-93235, Fr.

SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (2002), 43(16), 2953-2956

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

PUBLISHER: Elsevier Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB A new diol-carbonyl transposition reaction has been discovered in  
echinocandin type structures. An .alpha.-hydroxy hemiaminal moiety  
has been shown to undergo a pinacol-type rearrangement in the  
presence of trimethylsilyl iodide to afford ketone derivs. Applied  
to **deoxymulundocandin**, this transposition led to a useful  
intermediate for further chem. modification.

IT 108351-20-8, Mulundocandin 138626-63-8,  
**Deoxymulundocandin**

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(reaction of in the prepn. of **deoxymulundocandin**  
derivs. via diol-carbonyl transposition reaction)

REFERENCE COUNT: 23 THERE ARE 23 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE  
FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE  
IN THE RE FORMAT

L59 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:618023 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:180953

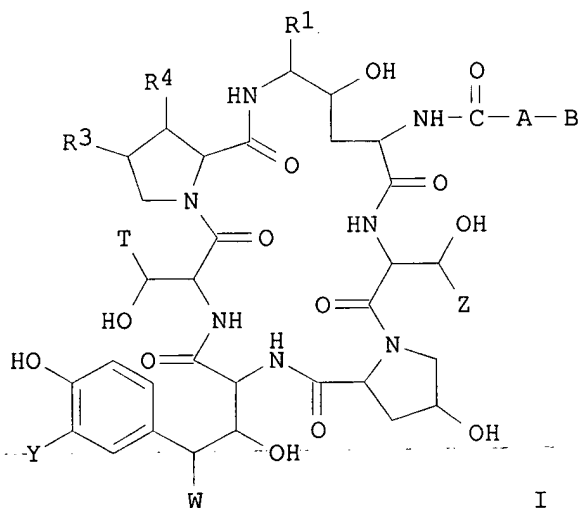
TITLE: Preparation of novel echinocandin derivatives as

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

09/673836

fungicides  
 INVENTOR(S): Courtin, Olivier; Dussarat, Arlette;  
 Melon-Manguer, Dominique; Schio, Laurent  
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Aventis Pharma S.A., Fr.  
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 30 pp.  
 CODEN: PIXXD2  
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent  
 LANGUAGE: French  
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1  
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2001060845	A1	20010823	WO 2001-FR419	20010214
W: AE, AG, AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, BZ, CA, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DM, DZ, EE, GD, GE, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MA, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO, SG, SI, SK, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG FR 2804957 A1 20010817 FR 2000-1844 20000215 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: FR 2000-1844 A 20000215 OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 135:180953 GI				



AB Echinocandin derivs. I [R1 = H, OH, (un)substituted alkoxy, alkenyloxy or alkynyloxy; R3 = H, Me, OH; R4, W = H, OH; A = O, CH2, NH; B is a steroid residue; T = H, Me, CH2CONH2, CH2C.tplbond.N, (CH2)2NH2 or alkylaminoethyl; Y = H, OH, halo, OSO3H or salts; Z = H, Me] were prepd. as antifungal agents. Thus, 1-[(4R,5R)-4,5-dihydroxy-N2-[[[(3.beta.,22E)-ergosta-5,7,22-trien-3-

09/673836

yl]oxy]carbonyl]-L-ornithine] **deoxymulundocandin** was prepd. by treating ergosterol with diphosgene in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> in the presence of Et<sub>3</sub>N and treating the product with **deoxymulundocandin**.

IT 108351-20-8, **Mulundocandin** 138626-63-8,

**Deoxymulundocandin**

RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(prepn. of novel echinocandin derivs. as fungicides)

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L59 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1992:527867 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 117:127867

TITLE: **Deoxymulundocandin**-a new echinocandin

type antifungal antibiotic

AUTHOR(S): Mukhopadhyay, Triptikumar; Roy, Kirty; Bhat, R. G.; Sawant, S. N.; Blumbach, J.; Ganguli, B. N.; Fehlhaber, H. W.; Kogler, H.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Res. Cent., Hoechst India Ltd., Bombay, 400 080, India

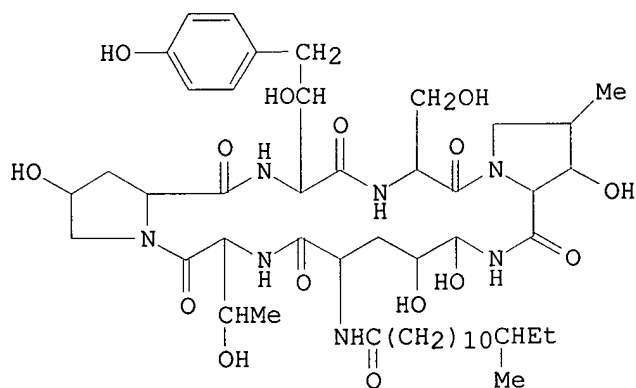
SOURCE: Journal of Antibiotics (1992), 45(5), 618-23

CODEN: JANTAJ; ISSN: 0021-8820

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI



AB A new echinocandin type antifungal antibiotic, **deoxymulundocandin** (I), C<sub>48</sub>H<sub>77</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>15</sub>, was isolated from the culture filtrate and mycelia of a fungal culture, *Aspergillus sydowii* (Bainier and Sartory) Thom and Church var. nov. *mulundensis* Roy (Culture No. Y-30462). Its structure was established by comparative GC-MS analyses of the derivatized acid hydrolyzates of **deoxymulundocandin** and **mulundocandin** as well as by the high field NMR expts. (COSY, NOESY and DEPT).

IT 138626-63-8, **Deoxymulundocandin**

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(antifungal antibiotic, from *Aspergillus sydowii*)

09/673836

(FILE MEDLINE, BIOSIS, EMBASE, WPIDS, JICST-EPLUS, JAPIO, CONFSCI,  
SCISEARCH, CBNB, CIN, CEN, CASREACT, CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMREACT,  
BJSMD5' ENTERED AT 12:52:08 ON 17 OCT 2002)

~~L60~~ 7 S L58  
~~L61~~ 3-DUP-REML60 (4-DUPPLICATES REMOVED)

L61 ANSWER 1 OF 3 SCISEARCH COPYRIGHT 2002 ISI (R)

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:389532 SCISEARCH

THE GENUINE ARTICLE: 545TP

TITLE: Synthesis of new echinocandin derivatives via a  
diol-keto transposition

AUTHOR: Aszodi J; Fauveau P; Melon-Manguer D; Ehlers E;  
Schio L (Reprint)

CORPORATE SOURCE: Aventis Pharma, Med Chem, 102 Route Noisy, F-93235  
Romainville, France (Reprint); Aventis Pharma, Med  
Chem, F-93235 Romainville, France; Aventis Pharma,  
Process Dev Biochem, Biol Sud, D-65956 Frankfurt,  
Germany

COUNTRY OF AUTHOR: France; Germany

SOURCE: TETRAHEDRON LETTERS, (15 APR 2002) Vol. 43, No. 16,  
pp. 2953-2956.

Publisher: PERGAMON-ELSEVIER SCIENCE LTD, THE  
BOULEVARD, LANGFORD LANE, KIDLINGTON, OXFORD OX5  
1GB, ENGLAND.

ISSN: 0040-4039.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article; Journal

LANGUAGE: English

REFERENCE COUNT: 22

\*ABSTRACT IS AVAILABLE IN THE ALL AND IALL FORMATS\*

AB A new diol-carbonyl transposition reaction has been discovered in  
echinocandin tape structures. All alpha-hydroxy hemiaminal moiety  
has been shown to undergo a pinacol-type rearrangement in the  
presence of trimethylsilyl iodide to afford ketone derivatives,  
Applied to **deoxymulundocandin**. this transposition led to a  
useful intermediate for further chemical modification. (C) 2002  
Elsevier Science Ltd. All rights reserved.

L61 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CASREACT COPYRIGHT 2002 ACS

ACCESSION NUMBER: 131:322923 CASREACT

TITLE: A process for the conversion of echinocandin  
class of peptides to their C4-homotyrosine  
monodeoxy analogs

INVENTOR(S): Mukhopadhyay, Triptikumar; Jayvanti, Kenia;  
Kumar, Erra Koteswara Satya Vijaya

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Hoechst Marion Roussel Deutschland GmbH, Germany

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 18 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9955727	A1	19991104	WO 1999-EP2715	19990422
W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN,				

Searcher : Shears 308-4994

09/673836

IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD,  
MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI,  
SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM,  
AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM  
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE,  
DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ,  
CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

CA 2327474	AA	19991104	CA 1999-2327474	19990422
AU 9937096	A1	19991116	AU 1999-37096	19990422
BR 9909853	A	20001219	BR 1999-9853	19990422
EP 1073675	A1	20010207	EP 1999-919261	19990422

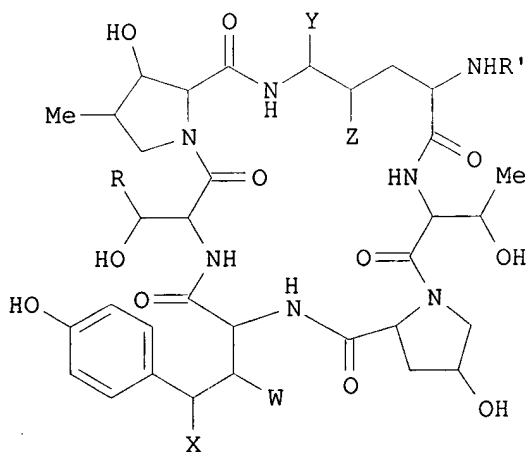
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, PT,  
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

JP 2002513033	T2	20020508	JP 2000-545885	19990422
NO 2000005258	A	20001019	NO 2000-5258	20001019

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

EP 1998-107397	19980423
WO 1999-EP2715	19990422

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 131:322923  
GI



AB Echinocandin type peptides I (X = OH; W, Y, Z = OH, H; R = Me, CH<sub>2</sub>CONH<sub>2</sub>, H; R' = linoleoyl, 10,12-dimethylmyristoyl, 12-methyltetradecanoyl) were converted to their C4-homotyrosine (C4-htyr) monodeoxy analogs I (X = H) via a single step selective redn. of the C4-htyr hydroxyl group of echinocandins to their monodeoxy analogs under neutral conditions without prior protection/deprotection of the equally facile C5-Orn (ornithine) hydroxyl group and purifn. of the monodeoxy compd. from the crude reaction mixt. Thus, a mixt. of **mulundocandin** and Raney nickel in a pH 7 ethanol soln. was stirred for 3 h at room temp. to afford 30% **deoxymulundocandin**, following purifn. by liq.-liq. chromatog.

REFERENCE COUNT:

6

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR  
THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN  
THE RE FORMAT

L61 ANSWER 3 OF 3

MEDLINE

DUPLICATE 1

ACCESSION NUMBER:

92324937

MEDLINE

Searcher :

Shears

308-4994



09/673836

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 92324937 PubMed ID: 1624363  
TITLE: **Deoxymulundocandin**--a new echinocandin type  
antifungal antibiotic.  
AUTHOR: Mukhopadhyay T; Roy K; Bhat R G; Sawant S N; Blumbach  
J; Ganguli B N; Fehllhaber H W; Kogler H  
CORPORATE SOURCE: Microbiology Department, Hoechst India Limited,  
Mulund, Bombay.  
SOURCE: JOURNAL OF ANTIBIOTICS, (1992 May) 45 (5) 618-23.  
Journal code: 0151115. ISSN: 0021-8820.  
PUB. COUNTRY: Japan  
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; Article; (JOURNAL ARTICLE)  
LANGUAGE: English  
FILE SEGMENT: Priority Journals  
ENTRY MONTH: 199208  
ENTRY DATE: Entered STN: 19920821  
Last Updated on STN: 19920821  
Entered Medline: 19920813

AB A new echinocandin type antifungal antibiotic,  
**deoxymulundocandin**, C<sub>48</sub>H<sub>77</sub>N<sub>7</sub>O<sub>15</sub>, was isolated from the  
culture filtrate and mycelia of a fungal culture, *Aspergillus*  
*sydowii* (Bainier and Sartory) Thom and Church var. nov. *mulundensis*  
Roy (Culture No. Y-30462). The structure was established by  
comparative GC-MS analyses of the derivatized acid hydrolysates of  
**deoxymulundocandin** and **mulundocandin** as well as by  
the high field NMR experiments (COSY, NOESY and DEPT).

=> fil hom

FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 12:53:30 ON 17 OCT 2002